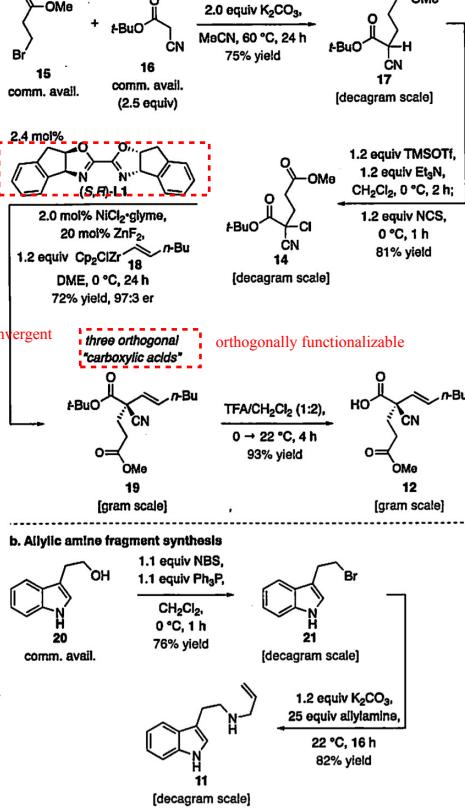


consist of a cyclase phase, followed by an oxidoreductase phase (vs the classic oxidase phase)

Scheme 1. (a, b) Fragment Synthesis^a

a. Carboxylic acid fragment preparation

O_2 5.0 mol



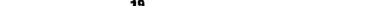
easily prepared in large scale in three steps from inexpensive diaminonamal

conditions
recently
outlined by

enantioconvergen

three orthogonal
“carboxylic acids”

$$\text{O} \quad \text{---} \quad \text{O}$$



[gram scale]

b. Allylic amine fragment synthesis

1.1 equiv NBS,
1.1 equiv Ph_3P

CH_2Cl_2 ,
0 °C, 1 h
76% yield

comm. avail.

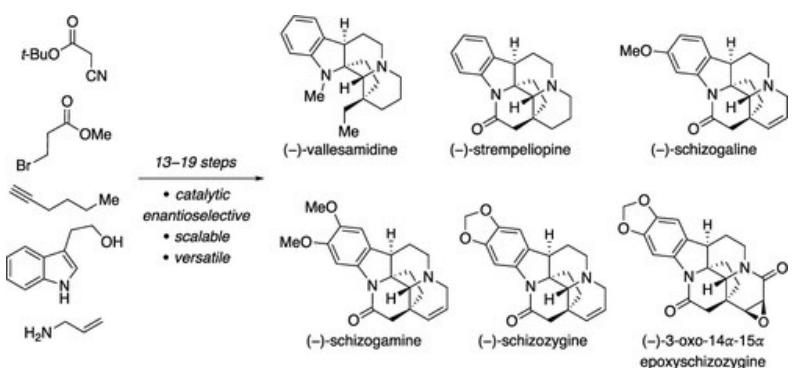
20

21 [decagram scale]

1.2 equiv K_2CO_3 ,
25 equiv allylamine,

22 °C, 16 h
82% yield

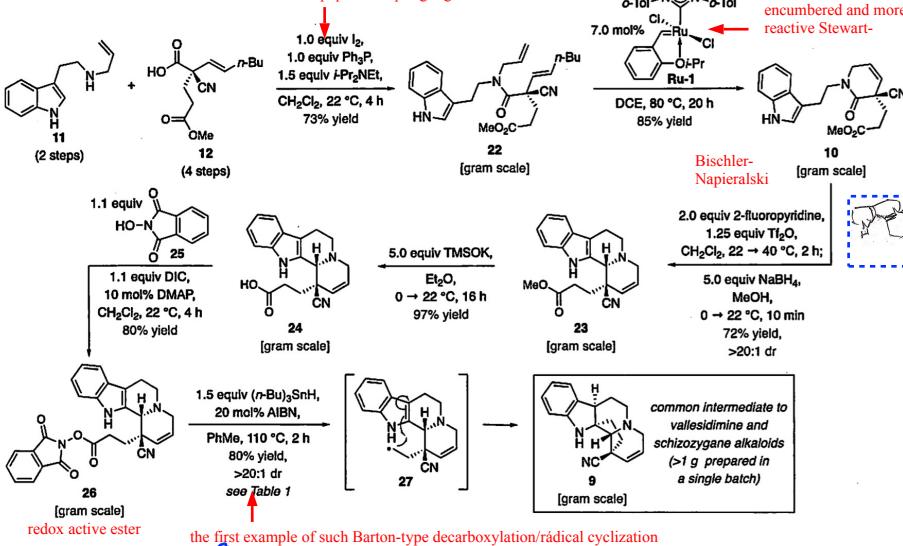
11 [decagram scale]



Scheme 2. Cyclase Phase for the Preparation of the Common Intermediate to Vallesamidine and Schizozygane Alkaloids^a

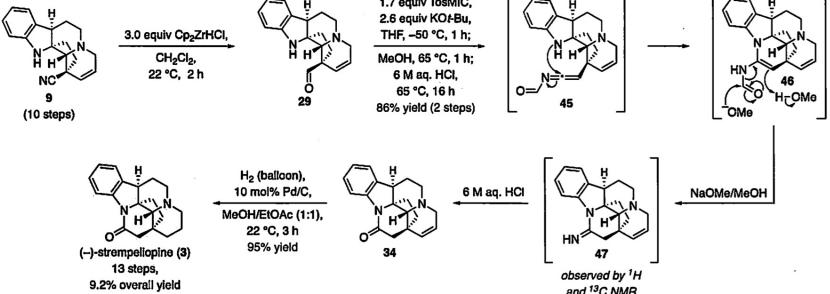
the common peptide coupling regents unsuccessful

Tol
less sterically
encumbered and more
reactive Stewart-



Scheme 7. (a–c) Second-Generation Oxidoreductase Phase for Schizozygane Alkaloids^a

a. van Leusen reaction
1.7 equiv TocMIC



Scheme 3. Oxidoreductase Phase for Vallesamidine^a

